





## ADCAMAT PRESSURE OPERATED PUMP PPA14 DN 80 x 50

#### DESCRIPTION

The ADCAMAT PPA (Pressure Operated Pump), fabricated in carbon steel (stainless steel on request), is recommended in the transfer of high temperature liquids such as condensate, oils and others, to a higher elevation or pressure.

Under certain conditions, it can drain a closed vessel under vacuum or pressure.

The pump can be operated by steam, compressed air or other gases, and can be used for lifting any kind of non-corrosive liquids.



#### **OPERATION**

Liquid flows by gravity into the pump through an inlet check valve lifting a float which, at the upper limit of its stroke, opens the supply valve, allowing steam or compressed air to enter the pump's body. Pressure in the pump builds up until it's just sufficient to overcome back pressure.

The pressurized liquid opens the outlet check valve and discharge begins. When the float reaches the minimum lower level, it closes the steam or compressed air supply valve and opens the vent, allowing the liquid to fill the pump again. As the amount of liquid discharged at each stroke is known, the total volume that flows during a given period of time can be calculated by counting the number of cycles during that period. For that purpose, a special counter is available which screws into a tapped connection on the top cover of the pump. This counter records the number of pumping strokes, thus enabling the pump to function as a reliable flow meter.

MAIN

FEATURES: No electric requirements.

OPTIONS: Duplex packaged design.

Stainless steel construction.

Level gauge. Stroke counter.

USE: To lift hot condensate or other liquids.

AVAILABLE

MODELS: PPA14 - Carbon steel construction.

(Sandblasted, metalized and black painted).

SIZES: DN 80 x 50.

CONNECTIONS: Flanged EN1092-1 PN16.

Flanged ANSI B16.5 class 150 lb. Female threaded ISO 7 Rp. Special flanges on request.

INSTALLATION: Horizontal installation.

See IMI - Installation and maintenance

instructions.

MOTIVE GAS: Steam or compressed air.

LIMITING CONDITIONS					
Minimum density	0,80 kg/L				
Maximum viscosity	5 °Engler				
Maximum motive pressure	10 bar				
Minimum motive pressure	1 bar				
Pump discharge per cycle	25 L				

BODY LIMITING CONDITIONS *					
	ALLOWABLE PRESSURE	RELATED TEMPERATURE			
	16 bar	50 °C			
PN16	15 bar	100 °C			
	12,7 bar	200 °C			
	12 bar	250 °C			
ANSI	16 bar	50 °C			
150 lb	12,6 bar	200 °C			

Min. operating temp.: -10 °C; Design code: ASME VII.

<sup>\*</sup> Rating according to EN 1092-1:2018.

CE MARKING – GROUP 2 (PED – European Directive)				
PN16	Category			
DN 80 x 50	3 (CE marked)			

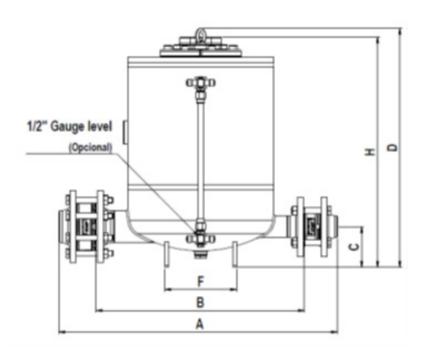


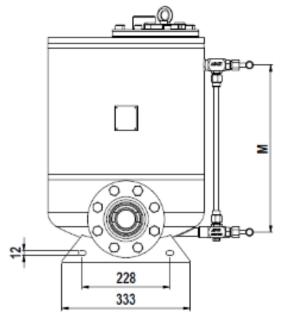


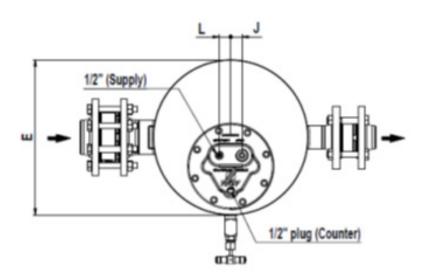


	DIMENSIONS (mm)													
SIZE DN	A PN16	A 150 lb	B PN16	B 150 lb	С	D	E	F	Н	J	L	М	WGT. (kg)	VOL. (L)
80 x 50	775	847	580	616	113	665	406	200	642	30	30	435	123	68

<sup>\*</sup> A – with welding neck EN 1092-1 flanges. Dimensions are different if threaded flanges are requested.

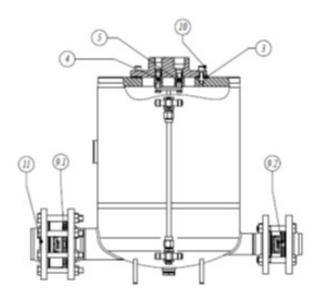


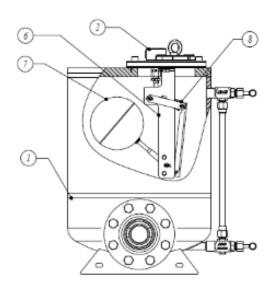










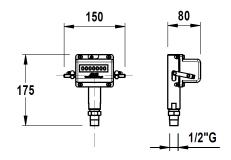


	MATERIALS						
POS. Nº	DESIGNATION	MATERIAL					
1	Pump body	P265GH / 1.0425; P235GH / 1.0345; S235JR / 1.0038					
2	Cover	GJS-400-15 / 0.7040 ; A216 WCB / 1.0619					
3	* Cover gasket	Non asbestos					
4	* Inlet valve / Seat assembly	Stainless steel					
5	* Exhaust valve / Seat assembly	Stainless steel					
6	Internal mechanism	Stainless steel					
7	* Float	Stainless steel					
8	* Spring assembly (2 pieces)	Inconel					
9.1	* RD40 outlet check valve	A351 CF8M / 1.4408					
9.2	* RD40 Inlet check valve	A351 CF8M / 1.4408					
10	Bolts	Steel 8.8					
11	** PN16 EN 1092-1 flanges	P250GH / 1.0460					

<sup>\*</sup> Available spare parts.

### **STROKE COUNTER**

Available on request, it can be screwed directly into the top cover of the pump or above the pump, through a 1/2" size pipe for easier reading (max. 1 m).



<sup>\*\*</sup> Welding neck EN 1092-1:2018 flanges. Threaded flanges on request.





## SIZING AND INSTALLATION

#### SIZING OF THE SYSTEM

The discharge capacity of the pump is a function of:

- 1. Condensate load (kg/h).
- 2. The pressure of the operating medium (steam, compressed air or other gases).
- 3. The total lift or back pressure the pump will have to overcome. This includes the change in fluid level elevation after the pump (0.0981 bar/m of lift), plus pressure in the return piping, plus the pressure drop in bar caused by pipe friction, plus any other system component pressure drop the pump exhaust will have to overcome (barg).
- 4. Filling head available (300 mm is recommended).

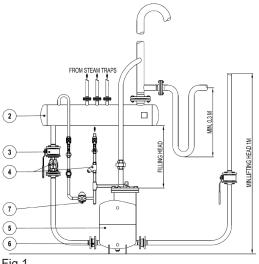


Fig.1

#### **INSTALLATION**

Fig.1 shows a typical installation example of an ADCAMAT pump. For further details and instructions, please contact manufacturer.

	MATERIALS							
POS.	DESIGNATION	POS.	DESIGNATION					
2	Receiver	5	Pump					
3	3 Ball valve 6		RD40 disc check valve					
4	Strainer	7	Steam trap					

Table 1

#### **RECEIVER**

A receiver is recommended to temporarily hold the liquid and prevent any flooding of the equipment, while the pump is performing a pumping cycle. A length of pipe of large diameter can be used.

SUGGESTED RECEIVER					
Pump size 80 x 50					
Receiver size Diam x lenght  323 x 1000					

Table 2

CAPACITY CORRECTION FACTOR FOR GASES OTHER THAN STEAM						
% Backpress. vs Motive press. (BP/MP)	10%	30%	50%	70%	90%	
Correction factor	1,04	1,08	1,12	1,18	1,28	

Table 3

CAPACITY MULTIPLYING FACTORS FOR OTHER FILLING HEADS						
Pump size Filling head (mm)						
DN	150	300	600	900		
80 x 50	0,9	1	1,08	1,2		

Table 4





#### FLOW RATE (kg/h) Installation with 300 mm filling head above the pump cover

Motive pressure (bar)	Total lift (bar)	DN 80 x 50
1		3710
1,7		5470
3,5	0,35	5820
5	0,35	5970
7		6010
10		6290
1,7		3570
3,5		5160
5	1	5360
7		5470
10		5790
2,5		3435
3,5		4835
5	1,5	4980
7		5080
10		5390
3,5		2890
4		3440
5	3	3780
7		4040
10		4430
4,5		2505
5	4	2680
7	4	2990
10		3385

Table 5 (based on liquid specific gravity 0.9 - 1.0).

Filling head measured from the bottom of receiver to top of pump cover.

## Example:

3500 kg/h Condensate load Filling head 150 mm Motive fluid Compressed air

Available pressure 7 bar Vertical lift after pump 10 m 1,2 bar Return piping pressure Piping friction pressure drop Negligible

## **Calculations:**

Total back pressure:  $1,2 \text{ bar} + (10 \text{ m} \times 0,0981) = 2,181 \text{ bar}$ . Pump choice, assuming steam as motive fluid, at a pressure of 7 bar and a back pressure of 3 bar: the DN 80 x 50 pump has a capacity of 4040 kg/h, according to Table 5, so it is the one we should select.

### **Correction for filling Head:**

With 150 mm filling head the correction factor from Table The % back pressure 2,181 bar / 7 bar = 31% 4 is 0,9. The corrected capacity is:  $4040 \text{ kg/h} \times 0.9 = 3636 \text{ kg/h}.$ 

### Correction for air as a motive fluid:

The correction factor from table 3, is 1,08. The corrected capacity is  $3636 \text{ kg/h} \times 1,08 = 3926,88 \text{ kg/h}$ ,

and so, the DN 80 x 50 pump is still recommended.





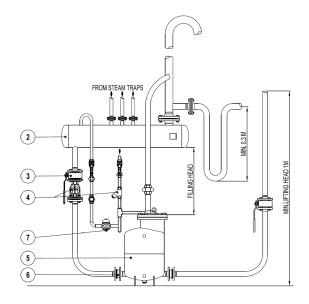
### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

## Condensate recovery - open system

The pump removes high temperature condensate without cavitation problems.

WARNING: Vent line must be unrestricted and self draining to the receiver.

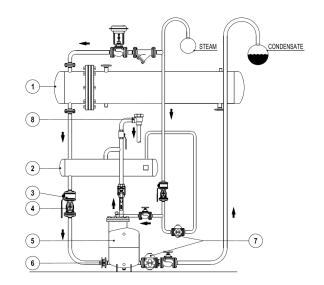
MATERIALS						
POS.	DESIGNATION	POS.	DESIGNATION			
1	Heat exchanger	5	Pump			
2	Receiver	6	RD40 disc check valve			
3	Ball valve	7	Steam trap			
4	Strainer	8	Air vent			



## Removal of condensate under pressure with ADCAMat pump and steam trap combination

When the steam pressure is sufficient to overcome back pressure, the trap operates.

If the pressure decreases, then the pressure operated pump starts to work, removing the condensate by pumping through the float steam trap.



# Drainage of a single unit under vacuum (max. 0,2 bar abs)

Head H1 must range between 1 and 2 m. The lift H must be as minimum as possible, but never less than 1 m (otherwise a siphon is required, as shown in H2).

Use steam as operating medium (max. pressure 2 – 3 bar).

